TAX GUIDE KAZAKHSTAN

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GENERAL RULES AND IMPORTANT POINTS IN THE TAX SYSTEM OF KAZAKHSTAN

The Kazakhstani tax system is closely related to Kazakhstani accounting principles, which are based on IFRS and the Law of the Republic of Kazakhstan "On Accounting and Financial Reporting", and vice versa, Kazakhstani accounting is influenced by the requirements of the Tax Code of the Republic of Kazakhstan (hereinafter - the Tax Code of the RK).

For this reason, every accountant in Kazakhstan should have in-depth tax knowledge, and accountants are almost always responsible for ensuring proper tax compliance with tax laws (these prescriptions are based not only on the Tax Code of the RK, but also on voluminous Legislative Acts, Rules and other documents regulating taxation in Kazakhstan). This also means that, to a large extent, Kazakhstani accounting practices are aimed at proper accounting for the purposes of tax compliance.

Considering such bureaucracy caused by over-regulated tax system, it can be assumed that the work of a tax specialist / accountant in Kazakhstani tax practice / accounting is several times more extensive than in similar conditions in Western countries. Proper tax planning, as well as properly drafted tax and accounting policies, including supporting operations by sufficient documents, play a significant role in reducing the tax burden of Kazakhstani taxpayers.

In this booklet, we have attempted to summarize and review the key elements of the Kazakhstani tax system: the essence and fundamentals of the «most common» taxes such as corporate income tax, VAT, payroll taxes and contributions, and taxation of non-residents. We have also included our high-level comments on permanent establishment (PE) and Transfer Pricing principles, since they have a significant impact on the tax activities that any legal entity must bear in Kazakhstan.

Please note that the rules and practices we have observed in the booklet are general in nature and should be followed by most taxpayers in Kazakhstan. However, special tax regimes are also possible on the territory of Kazakhstan, as well as special economic zones (SEZ), which have their own rules synchronized with the current legislation.

Speaking about special zones in Kazakhstan, it is necessary to mention "Astana Hub" and the "Astana International Financial Center" (technically these zones are not SEZs), but they provide preferential taxation for legal entities registered there.

Astana Hub is the largest international technological park of IT startups in Central Asia. The conditions are created here for the free development of Kazakhstani and foreign technology companies. More information can be found on the webpage:

https://astanahub.com/en/.

The "Astana International Financial Center" is an area within the city of Astana with precisely defined boundaries determined by the President of the Republic of Kazakhstan, on which a special legal regime in the financial sphere operates. More information can be found on the webpage:

https://aifc.kz/en.

CORPORATE INCOME TAX

Taxpayers of corporate income tax (CIT) are legal entities - residents of Kazakhstan, as well as non-resident legal entities operating in Kazakhstan through a permanent establishment or receiving income from sources in Kazakhstan.

The general tax rate is 20% except for the tax regime for the types of activities for which a different tax rate is provided (Table 1).

Expenses incurred by a taxpayer in connection with the performance of activities aimed at earning income are deductible in determining taxable income.

Deductions are made by a taxpayer for expenses actually incurred in the current tax period, provided that documents confirming such expenses related to activities aimed at earning income are available. At the same time, specific documents containing certain information, are required to support CIT deductions. It is also important to note that intangible intercompany services provided by legal entities from "tax havens" (the list is established by the Government of Kazakhstan), are limited for CIT deduction by 3% of the taxpayer's taxable income.

The deadline for filing a CIT return is 31 of March of the year following the reporting period, at that, an advanced CIT return filing may be required if the taxpayer's level of revenue for a tax period preceding the previous tax period exceeds the threshold of 325,000 monthly calculated index (MCI) (EUR 2.4 million in 2024).

Further, Table 1 summarizes CIT requirements in Kazakhstan.

Тах Туре	Tax Rate	LLP, JSC	Branch, Representative office, Simple PE	DTT Protection
Corporate income tax (CIT)	20 %, or 10 % for producers of agricultural products and fish farming	Applied to taxable income	Applied to taxable income	Not applicable for taxation of residents
Branch profit tax (BPT)	15%	N/A	Paid in addition to CIT and applied to taxable income after CIT	Tax rate can be reduced to 5-10% based on certain DTTs

VALUE ADDED TAX



Taxpayers registered in Kazakhstan for VAT purposes are required to calculate and pay VAT. All VAT-able turnovers are subject to the general tax rate in Kazakhstan of 12%. At the same time, the 0% VAT rate in Kazakhstan is provided for export of goods, international transport, sales in SEZ, etc.

When a taxpayer registers for VAT:

- · Obligatory registration, if the annual turnover exceeds MCI 20,000 (EUR 155,000 in 2024)
- · Voluntarily registration is possible at a taxpayer's choice.
- Important note: A simple PE, i.e., a PE without opening a Representative Office or a Branch is not subject to VAT registration.

Further, Table 2 summarizes the VAT system applied in the EAEU AND EU.

	Kazakhstan	Russia		
	Entity registered for VAT	Companies		
Payer		Individual entrepreneurs		
	Entity importing goods	Entities moving goods across borders		
	General – 12 %	General – 20 %		
VAT rate	Export of goods, international transport, sales of fuels and lubricants carried out by	Sales of food products, children's goods, books, medical goods – 10 %		
	airports, sales to a SEZ territory, in terms of contracts of subsurface use – 0 %	Export of goods, international transport and telecommunications – 0 %		
VAT at Export	Within the EAEU: 0%, confirmation is required from the EAEU recipient of goods on submission of Form 328.00 on import of goods within the EAEU and payment of indirect taxes, if no confirmation is provided within 183 calendar days after export, 12% of VAT is paid by the exporter in the RK	Within the EAEU: No VAT – 0%		
	Outside the EAEU: 0%, requires a list of documents for export confirmation	Outside the EAEU: 0% requires a list of documents for export confirmation		
VAT at Import	Within the EAEU: 12% is paid not later than the 20th day of the month following the month of import, with the possibility to offset the tax paid for VAT purposes	Within the EAEU: 20% charge, with the possibility to offset the tax paid / 10% when import of food products, children's goods, books, medical goods, with the possibility to offset the tax paid		
	Outside the EAEU: 12% is paid at customs clearance, with a possibility to offset the paid tax in VAT purposes	Outside the EAEU: 20% charge, with a possibility to deduct the paid tax		
VAT for non-resident	RC VAT at 12% is paid by a tax agent (recipient of services in the RK). The obligation is determined depending on the place of supply.	RC VAT at 20 % is a tax agent's obligation, depending on the place of services supply		

Germany	France
	Taxable entities
All business entities	Partly taxable entities
	Non-taxable legal entities that are registered for turnover taxes
General – 19 %	General – 20 %
Certain items, such as food and books, certain medical products and services, farm animals, museum, theatre,	Prepared food products, catering and restaurants, non-processed agricultural products, and some housing renovation works – 10 %
concert, hotels – 7% Export and the sale and installation of photovoltaic systems and	Non-prepared food products, along with gas, electricity and renewable energies – 5.5%
certain related devices – 0 %	Medicinal products and blood products, which are eligible for reimbursement by social security – 2.1%
Within EU:	Within EU:
If sell to business - 0%If sell direct to consumer:	 If sell to business – 0% If sell direct to consumer:
 a. less than 10 000 EUR annually - the VAT rate 19% b. more than 10 000 EUR annually - the rate in the consumer's country. 	 a. less than 10 000 EUR annually - the VAT rate 20% b. more than 10 000 EUR annually - the rate in the consumer's country.
Outside EU: No VAT – 0%	Outside EU: No VAT – 0%
Within EU: No VAT – 0 %	Within EU: No VAT – 0%
Outside EU: Import VAT – 19%, with a possibility to deduct the paid VAT (reverse charge in return)	Outside EU: Import VAT – 20%, with a possibility to deduct the paid VAT (reverse charge in return)
VAT is a tax agent's obligation depending on the place of sale, with a possibility to deduct the paid VAT	VAT is a tax agent's obligation depending on the place of sale, with a possibility to deduct the paid VAT

PAYROLL TAXES AND CONTRIBUTIONS

The payroll calculation in Kazakhstan consists of the following mandatory taxes and contributions:

Liability	Tax Rate %	Income Limits for Calculation				
	Employee's liabilities					
Personal income tax (PIT)	Flat 10 % rate	No limits				
Obligatory social medical insurance contributions (OSMIC)	Flat 2 % rate	10 MMW max (EUR 1,770)				
Obligatory pension contributions (OPC)	Flat 10% rate	50 MMW max (EUR 8,850)				
Employer's liabilities						
Social Tax (ST)	Flat 9.5 % rate	14 MCI min (EUR 110)				
Obligatory pension contributions of an employer (OPCE)	Flat 1.5 % rate	50 MMW max (EUR 8,850)				
Social insurance contributions (SC)	Flat 3.5 % rate	7 MMW max (EUR 1,240)				
Obligatory social medical insurance (OSMI)	Flat 3 % rate	10 MMW max (EUR 1,770)				

I. Kazakhstan simulation of payroll taxation, EUR (€)

Gross s	alary	Rate	631 €	1,263 €	2,509 €	%, for 500 €	%, for 1,000 €	%, for 2,000 €	Average %
ОРС	Obligatory pension contributions	10%	63 €	126€	251 €				
оѕміс	Obligatory social medical insurance contributions	2%	13 €	25€	35€				
PIT	Personal income tax	10%	56€	111 €	222 €				
Net sa	lary		500 €	1,000 €	2,000 €	79.20 %	79.20 %	79.73 %	79.38 %
OPCE	Obligatory pension contributions of an employer	1.5%	9€	19€	38€				
OSC	Obligatory social contributions	3.5%	22€	44 €	43€				
ОЅМІ	Obligatory social medical insurance	3%	19€	38€	53€				
ST	Social tax	9.5%	31 €	61 €	168 €				
Total e	mployee		131 €	263 €	509 €	20.80 %	20.80 %	20.72 %	20.62 %
Total e	mployer		81 €	162 €	302 €	12.86 %	12.86 %	12.03 %	12.58 %
Total t	axes		212 €	425 €	810 €	33.66 %	33.66 %	32.30 %	33.21 %

II. Russian simulation of payroll taxation, EUR (€)

Gross sa	alary	Rate	575 €	1,149 €	2,299 €	%, for 500 €	%, for 1,000 €	%, for 2,000 €	Average %
PIT	Personal income tax	13% (15% on the year-to-date salary amounts exceeding RUB 5 million)	75€	149€	299 €				
Net sa	lary		500 €	1,000 €	2,000 €	87.0 %	87.0 %	87.0 %	87.0 %
ст	Employer Social Contributions regular rate	30% (15.1% on the amounts exceeding the year-to-date marginal base of RUB 2.25 million)	173 €	345€	569€				
OAI	Occupational accident insurance	0.2% - 8.5%	1€	2€	5€				
Total e	mployee		75 €	149 €	299 €	13.0 %	13.0 %	13.0 %	13.0 %
Total employer			174 €	347 €	574 €	30.2 %	30.2 %	24.9 %	28,4 %
Total t	axes	13 %	249 €	496 €	873 €	43.2 %	43.2 %	37.9 %	41.4 %

WITHHOLDING TAX

Income from sources in Kazakhstan of a non-resident legal entity whose activities do not lead to a permanent establishment (PE) in Kazakhstan is subject to WHT at source of payment by a tax agent (paying the income to a non-resident) without the application of deductions.

Due to the fact that Kazakhstan has effective Double Tax Treaties (DTTs) with 55 countries, Kazakhstani tax agents have the right to apply the provisions of DTTs to exempt non-resident income from taxation or apply reduced tax rates, on the condition that the non-resident is the beneficial owner of such income, as long as the resident's certificate is provided to the tax agent within the established timeframe and other requirements established by the Tax Code of the RK are met. It is also advisable to note that Kazakhstan also applies MLI from 2021 and its provisions regulate the effective DTTs of Kazakhstan with 35 countries, setting additional conditions for eligibility to apply DTT's benefits.

Type of a non-resident's income	Tax rate as per the Tax Code	DTT Application
Services and other income not listed below, including income of non- residents from "tax havens"	20 %	Exemption, incl. Western countries
Insurance premiums under risk insurance contracts	15 %	Exemption, incl. Western countries
Insurance premiums under risk reinsurance contracts	5 %	Exemption, incl. Western countries
International transport	5 %	Exemption, incl. Western countries
Dividends, interest, royalties	15 %	Reduction from 5% to 10%
Capital gain	15%, participation exemption rules can be applied	Exempt, if < 50% immovable taxed, if > 50% immovable
Dividends with 3 years holding period and from income previously taxed by CIT	10 %	Reduction to 5% for some countries

It is very important to note that the Tax Code of the RK, despite the provisions that international treaties entered into by Kazakhstan prevail, may still create administrative burdens for non-residents to be able to prove the right to apply DTT provisions, such as, for example:

- To apply the DTT, a non-resident must not have a PE in Kazakhstan, even if the PE's activity is not related to income payable by a tax agent in Kazakhstan in respect of which non-residents wish to apply the provisions of the DTT;
- · A residence certificate must be provided within the established timeframes;
- For non-residents from the countries with which Kazakhstan applies MLI provisions, additional requirements must be met, including confirmation that the non-resident's income in that country should be taxed at a rate of at least 15% and is not subject to adjustment, exemption or tax refund in the current or forthcoming periods.

PERMANENT ESTABLISHMENT

Generally, Kazakhstan-registered companies or other legal entities whose place of effective management is in Kazakhstan are treated as Kazakhstani tax residents. However, non-resident legal entities operating in Kazakhstan may create a fixed place, service or agency PE in accordance with Kazakhstani local tax legislation. Please note that there are specific provisions in the Tax Code of the RK in relation to PEs that generally have some differences with the DTT provisions, for example, a service PE is created under local legislation, if services are provided for more than 183 days, with the DTT providing for an extension of this period to 12 months, and similar differences may also be seen for fixed place and agency PE.

Transfer Pricing

According to Kazakhstani transfer pricing legislation, the tax authorities have the power to monitor and adjust prices used in cross-border and certain domestic transactions related to cross-border transactions if prices are deemed to deviate from market level, even if such transactions are entered into with unrelated parties. If the authorities adjust prices, the reassessed liability will include taxes, duties, penalties, and fines to the state budget. In order to prove that the transaction prices applied correspond to market level, a taxpayer in Kazakhstan must maintain transfer pricing documentation in its files to demonstrate that prices have been determined in accordance with arm's length principle. The methods of determining market prices in Kazakhstan are as follows:

- · method of comparable uncontrolled price
- · cost plus method
- · resale price method
- profit distribution method
- · net margin method

However, only if the first method (method of comparable uncontrolled price) cannot be applied, the other 4 remaining methods are applied, which are the most appropriate given the nature of the transaction.

In practice, transfer pricing audits in Kazakhstan generally cover not only intra-group transactions, but all cross-border transactions, as the rules allow the tax authorities to declare the existence of a relationship between the parties, if the tax authorities suspect that the transaction price deviates from market prices, which may result in additional tax accruals for taxpayers in Kazakhstan.

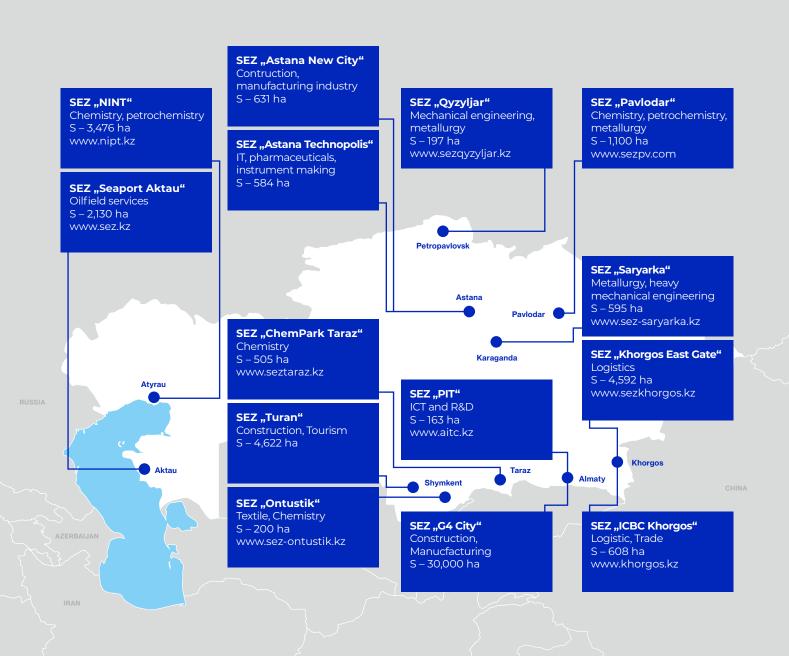
SEZ

Special Economic Zones in Kazakhstan

Pursuant to the Law of the Republic of Kazakhstan No. 242-VI dd. 3 April 2019 "On Special Economic Zones and Industrial Zones" (hereinafter – the Law), a special economic zone is a part of the territory of the Republic of Kazakhstan with precisely defined boundaries, in which a special legal regime of a special economic zone operates for carrying out activities in accordance with the Law.

A SEZ is created for a period of up to twenty-five years, but by decision of the Government of the Republic of Kazakhstan, the period of validity may be extended.

There are 14 SEZs operating in the Republic of Kazakhstan with different sectoral focus, see the picture below:



Form of Act of works performed / services rendered

P-1 Form

Custo	mer				IIN/BIN				
		full name, addre	ss, communica	tion informat					
Contra	actor				BIN				
		full name, addre	ss, communica	tion informat	ion				
Contra	act	No.	« »	» 20				_	
						Docum	ent Number	С	ate
Act	of wo	rk perfor	med (se	rvice r	endered)*				
(servic		ne of works services) n terms of	Date of perfor (services re	med	Information about the report on scientific research,	Unit		rks preforn vices rende	
	(in terms of their subtypes in accordance with technical specifications, tasks, works (services) performance schedule, if available)		·	,	marketing, consulting and other services (date, number, number of pages) (if available)***		quantity	unit price	value
1		2	3		4	5	6	7	8
						Total		X	
		on usage of i							
				name, qua	ntity, value				
		t of docume s (mandatory			port(s) on marketing page		fic researd	ch, consu	lting and
Passe	d by (Co	ontractor)			Received by	(Custon	ner)		
position		signatu	re	full na	me position		signature		full name
ata			date	of signing (ac	ceptance) of works (services))			atance el
stamp pl	ace								stamp place

^{*}Applicable for acceptance and transfer of works performed (services rendered), with the exception of construction and installation works.

** To be completed, if the dates of works performed (services rendered) fall on different periods, as well as if the dates of works (provision of services) and the dates of signing (acceptance) of works (services) are different.

services) and the dates of signing (acceptance) of works (services) are different.

*** To be completed, if there is a report on scientific research, marketing, consulting and other services.

Form of Waybill 3-2 Form

Oraniz	ation (indiv	vidual entreprene		IIN/BIN					
							Document Nun	nber	Date
(rganization individual repreneur) – sender	Organizatic (individua entrepreneu recipient	l	Responsik delivery (ful	ole for I name)		Transport organization	Waybil (num	ll of lading ber, date)
No.	Name, characterist	Nomenclature number	Unit	Qı	uantity		Amount per unit, in KZT	Amount with VAT, in KZT	VAT amount, in KZT
				quantity	unit	price	1111121	III NZI	III KZ I
1	2	3	4	5	-	6	8	9	10
			Total						
Гotal с	juantity of s	stock released (in	words	s)			for the amo	ount of (in	words), KZT
Releas	se of goods	authorized			Receive	ed by (Customer)		
position		signature		full name	By Power o	of Attorn	ey No. <u>dd.</u>	« »	20
General a	– accountant	signature		full name					
		full name	Stocks rec	eived	signatur	re	full name		

stamp place stamp place

Form of accompanying waybill

Section A /	General (
 Registrat Date of d Product : 			4. Bil 4.1 Nu 4.2 Da			5.1. Registrat	5.1. Registration number of the corrected Accompanying waybill in the E-VAT invoice (ESF) IS				6. Return of goods previously accepted under Accompanying waybill 6.1. Registration number of the Accompanying waybill in the E-VAT invoice (ESF) IS		
7. Import of goods into the territory of the R				e RK 8. Export of goods from the territ				tory of RK		0 9). Movement o	f goods	
7.4. Temp	nport ort for processin porary importat ort of temporaril	ion	7.6. Plar date of of good 7.7. Plar checkp	import ls* nned		rary removal 8.7. Planr checkpoi			goods * nned	 9.1. within one person on the territory of the RK 9.2. within one person within the EAEU 			
Section B /	Supplier det	ails		Section	C/Recipient de	etails		Section	n D / Deta	ils of th	e shipper an	d consignee	
18. BIN of the 19. BIN of the 20. Supplier 21. Supplier of 22. Shipping 23. Actual sh	16. IIN/BIN 16.1 Non-resident 27. Name of supplier 18. BIN of the structural unit 28. BIN of the structural 29. BIN of the reorganized entity 20. Supplier category 30. Recipient category 21. Supplier registration country code 22. Shipping/shipping country code* 33. Actual shipping/delivery address 24. Shipping/dispatch warehouse ID 35. Additional information 36. IIN/BIN 27. Name of supplier 28. BIN of the structural 29. BIN of the reorganized entity 30. Recipient category 31. Recipient registration 32. Delivery country 33. Actual delivery and d				e of supplier/sende of the structural un of the reorganized of bient category ient registration coder ery country code* al delivery address ery warehouse ID	iit entity ountry code		37. Nan 38. Ship Section	/BIN n-resident ne of shipp pping count n D1 / Add	ry code		esident of consignee country code	
52. Currenc	cy code			53. Curr	ency rate								
Section G1	/ Data on god	ods											
No.	Sign of origin of goods	Nam goo		Product code (HS EAEU)	Unit	Quantitiy (volume)		Unit price	Costs of goods with indirect taxes	hout	Excis	e tax Amount	
1	2	3		4	5	6		7	8		9	10	
54. Total													
Data on al	coholic bever	ages											
55. Vendor license number						56. Adress of supplier under license							

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10.1. Ethyl 10.3. Beer 10.5 Petro 10.7 Tobac 11. Goods	and beer drinks bleum products cco products subject to export	10	.2. Wine mate .4. Alcohol (ex	erial scept beer)	13. Registration number E-VAT invoice (ESF) 14. Date and time of regresser. E-VAT invoice (ESF) 15. Registration number Labeling Information	IS gistration of the IS r of Accompany	e Accompa	nying waybill in the
Section F / Shi i	pping Informati	on			Section F / Agreemen	t (contract) for	or the sunn	uly of goods
44. Name of ca 45. IIN/BIN	n on planned tran nsportation nobile b. rand bi cense c. er c1 brand brand		oper e.	Maritime or inland waterway . Vessel Number Pipeline Multimodal	47.a. Contract or an an the contract 47.1. Number 47.2. Date 49. Terms of delivery (If Section F1 / Treaty (co	nex to 4 NCOTERMS) ntract) under to 6 5	47.b Withou (contra 48. Terms the co	ut agreement (act) of payment under (ntract)
Sales turnover (taxable/ non-taxable turnover)	ole/ of taxable able imports		Total value of goods with indirect tsaxes	№ application for release of goods prior to filing a goods declaration, goods declaration, application for importation of goods and payment of indirect taxes, ST-1 or ST-KZ, primary Waybill	Commodity item no the application for rel prior to filing a goods importation of goods of indirect taxes or Goo primary Accompan	or release of goods cods declaration, commodity identifier cods and payment Goods Declaration, in E-VAT invoice (ESF)		
11	12	13	14	15	16	17		18
E7 License	number of sec	piants Fac-	50		EQ Advace of vacinities	ant under lies	nco	
57. License	number of reci	piants licen	se		58. Adress of recipie	ent under licer	nse ————	

Form of E-VAT invoice (ESF)

Note: The document is in 3 page	0	Note: The document is in 3 pages
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Section A / General						
1. Registration No.	1.1 Account system number					
Date of discharge Date of statement on paper	3. Date of turnover					
4. Corrected 4.1 Date of discharge 4.2 Account system number 4.3 Registration number Section B / Supplier details	5. Additional 5.1 Date of discharge 5.2 Account system number 5.3 Registration number					
6. IIN/BIN 6.0 BIN of a structural subdivision legal entity 6.1 BIN of the reorganized entity	10. Supplier category: A Commitent					
7. Supplier 7.1 Share of participation	B Commission agent C					
8. Location address	Forwarder D					
1.9 VAT payer certificate	Lessor					
9.1 Series 9.2 Number 9.3 Structural unit of a non-resident legal entity	PSA participant F Participant in a joint activity agreement 10.1 Quantity: Exporter H International carrier Principal					
11. Additional information						
Section B1 / Supplier bank details						
12. Beneficiary Code	13. IIC					
14. BIC	15. Name of the bank					

Form of E-VAT invoice (ESF)

Page 2 of 3

Section C / Recipient details						
16. IIN/BIN 16.0 BIN of a structural subdivision legal entity 16.1 BIN of the reorganized entity	20. Recipient category: A Committent					
17. Recipient 17.1 Share of participation	B Commission agent C Lessor D					
18. Location address 18.1 Country code (2-letter code according to Decision CU Commission Decision No. 378 of 20.09.2010) 19. Additional information	Participant in a joint activity agreement 20.1 Quantity: E Gevernment agency F Non-resident G PSA participant H Principal					
Section C1 / Details of the State institution	Retail Sales J Individuals					
21. IIC	23. Purpose of payment					
22. Code of goods, works, services	24. BIC KKMFKZ2A					
Section D / Details of the shipper and consignee						
25. Shipper	26. Consignee					
25.1 IIN/BIN	26.1 IIN/BIN					
25.2 Name	26.2 Name					
25.3 Shipping address	18.1 Country code (2-letter code according to Decision CU Commission Decision No. 378 of 20.09.2010)					

Form of E-VAT invoice (ESF)

Page 3 of 3

Section E / Contract (agreement)											
27.1	Agree of god	ement (con ods, works,	tract) for the services	supply	30	30. Delivery of goods was carried out by proxy					
27.2 Without an agreement (contract) for the supply of goods, works, services											
27.3 Number				30	30.1 Number						
27.4 🗆	27.4 Date				30	30.2 Date					
27.5 Accountant number				31	31. Destination						
28. T	erms of pay	ment unde	er the agreen	nent							
29. Departure method (choice of t/s: road; rail; air; water; pipeline, etc.)				(3	31.1 Delivery conditions (3-letter code according to the Decision CU Commission dated September 20, 2010 No. 378)						
							· ·	ember 20, 20	IO No. 378	5)	
Section	n F / Detail	s of docum	nents confirn	ning the sup	ply of good	s, works, serv	rices				
 Document confirming delivery of goods, works, services 				32	32.1 Number						
					32	32.2 Date					
Sectio	on G / Data (on goods, v	works, servic	es							
33.1 Currency code					33	33.2 Exchange rate					
	Sign of		Product		Quanity	Unit (tariff) price per good, work,	Cost of goods, works,	Excise tax			
No.	origin of goods	works, services	application on import of goods and payment of indirect taxes	code (HS EAEU)	Unit	(volume)	service excl. indirect taxes	services excl. indirect taxes	Rate	Ammount	
1	2	3	3/1	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	
Sales turnover (taxable/ non-	VA	goods, works, services incl.	on goods or application on import of goods and payment of ap	No. of goods position as per Declaration on goods or application on	ldentifier of goods, work, services	Additional data					
taxable turnover)	taxable turnover) Rate	Ammount	indirect taxes	indirect taxes, Accomponying waybill, CT-1 or CT-KZ	import of goods and payment o indirect taxes						
11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18				

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